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Regulation of operation of the postal market, electronic communications issues and other provisions. **THE PRESIDENT OF THE GREEK**

REPUBLIC

We issue the following law passed by Parliament:

PART A: POSTAL SERVICES

CHAPTER A

general provisions

Article 1

Purpose and Scope

1. The purpose of articles 1 to 21 is the organization of the postal market in accordance with Directive 97/67/EC of 15.12.1997 (OJ L 15 of 21.1.1998), as amended by Directives 2002/39/EC of 10.6.2002 (OJ L 176 of 5.7.2002) and 2008/6/EC of 20.2.2008 (OJ L 52 of 28.2.2008) of the European Parliament and the Council of Parliament, which establish rules governing the provision of postal services, with the aim of developing the postal market and improving the quality of the services provided for all users.

2. The provisions of articles 1 to 21 do not apply to the independent networks used for the use exclusively for own needs and which are not used to provide commercial services to the public.

Article 2

Definitions

For the purposes of this application, the following terms have the following meanings:

A. Definitions included in Directive 2008/6/EC

1. **Postal services:** The services it consists of are involved in the collection, sorting, transport and distribution of postal items.

2. **Postal service provider:** Epiheiÿ ation which provides one or more postal services.

3. **Universal Service Provider:** The public or private postal service provider designated to provide universal service throughout the Territory.

4. **Postal network:** the totality of the organization and all kinds of media used by the postal service area of providing a universal service with the aim in particular of: (a) the collection of postal items covered by the obligation to provide a universal service, (b) the transport and handling of the postal items from the point of access to the postal network to the distribution unit, (c) the delivery of the postal items to the address indicated on the item.

5. **Access points:** The specific installations services, including among others letters boxes, which are made available to the public either in public places or in the premises of public bodies of postal services, where senders can deposit postal items in the postal network.

6. **Collection:** The activity consisting in the collection of postal items by a postal service provider.

7. **Distribution:** The process that includes the sorting at the distribution center and the delivery of mail of small items to recipients.

8. **Postal object:** Object with packaging deemed recipient, sent in its final form in which the postal service provider undertakes it. These objects include, for example, in addition to other objects

literature, books, catalogues, newspapers, magazines and postal parcels containing goods with or without commercial value.

9. **Subject of correspondence:** Communication in writing liquid form, on any material subject, which is transported and delivered to the address that the sender has written on the object itself or on its packaging. The books, the catalogs, the magazines rations and magazines are not considered items of correspondence.

10. **Registered shipment:** Service consisting of shipment, with a flat-rate guarantee against the risks of loss, theft or destruction and which provides the sender, possibly if the

proof of deposit of the postal counter text and/or its delivery to the recipient.

11. Declared value shipment: The service included consists of insuring the postal item for the value declared by the sender, in case of loss, theft or destruction.

12. Cross-border mail: Mail from or to another European Union member state or from or to a third country.

13. Services provided with a fee per postal item unit: Postal services for which the fee is defined by the general conditions of the universal service provider(s) for individual postal items.

14. Terminal fees: The universal service provider's fee for the distribution of incoming cross-border mail consisting of postal items sent from another European Union member state or from a third country.

15. Sender: Natural or legal person, from which postal items come from.

16. User: Any natural or legal person to whom a postal service is provided, as sender or recipient and who is not a postal service provider.

17. National Regulatory Authority: the National Telecom Commission of Communications and Posts (E.ET.T.), which is an independent administrative authority, is established and operates in accordance with Article 6 of Law 3431/2006 (A' 13) as applicable.

18. General licence: license which does not impose on the postal service provider concerned the obligation to have an express decision of the competent authority under this law in order to exercise the rights arising from the license.

19. Special permit: any granted by the authority by according to the present law, a license authority, with which special rights are granted to a provider of water services or which makes the exercise of the activities of the body in question dependent on special obligations that complement the general license, per due to the case, without the operator being entitled to exercise the relevant rights before having the decision of the Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks for the universal service provider and of EETT. for the other providers water service.

20. Basic requirements: General reasons of a non-economic nature that postal service providers must meet under the relevant legislation express mail, network security, the transport of dangerous products, compliance with the terms and conditions of the employment and social security regime, as defined by the legislation and/or collective agreements that have been negotiated by the national councils legal partners, and, in justified cases, in the protection of data, in the protection of the environment and spatial planning, in the protection of personal data, in

accuracy of transmitted or stored information and privacy protection.

B. Additional

Definitions 21. Advertising Mail: a communication consisting exclusively of advertising material;

sales promotion or advertising and contains typographic message, except for the name, address and individual code of the recipient and with any other modifications that do not alter the essence of the message, and which is sent to a significant number of recipients, for transport and delivery to the address indicated by the sender in the object itself or in its packaging. Reason-

quotations, invoices, copies of invoices and other non-standard messages are not considered advertising regular mail. A notice that combines promotional mail with other items in the same package is not considered promotional mail

post office. Advertising mail items are considered mail items.

22. Universal service: The minimum set of services of, as defined in this law, specifically of high quality, which is available to every user regardless of where in the Greek Territory he is, permanently and at an affordable price.

Article 3

General principles

1. The general principles governing postal services are as follows:

a) The free exercise of business activity in the field of providing postal services, which is under the supervision of the state and is exercised under the conditions of the present and if it has obtain a general or special license in accordance with the provisions of articles 11 to 12 hereof. Active development cooperation in Greece in the field of postal services by companies established in states that do not belong to the European Union

according to the international commitments of the Country and with the condition of reciprocity.

b. The freedom to access and use postal services, as long as postal anti-texts meet the specifications required by the provisions herein.

Restrictions on the access and use of speedy route services are only allowed for the following good reasons:

aa) Security of the operation of the postal building, of those employed in the postal services information about persons and users.

bb) Protection of the privacy of postal communication.

c. Adherence to the principles of equal treatment and non-discrimination of users, access to the postal network under conditions of transparency, equality and non-discrimination, as well as the protection of healthy competition.

d. Ensuring the principles of the confidentiality of correspondence, the privacy of the postal of the protection of personal data ra, the respect for private life and the safeguarding of intellectual property rights. In obligations the staff of postal service providers are also subject to the provisions of this section.

e. The protection of the environment and the region spatial design.

f. Adherence to the terms and conditions of each of employment and social security, as defined by law, regulations or administrative provisions and/or by collective agreements negotiated by the national social partners, in accordance with Community and national law.

g. The promotion of the interests of users which is ensured in particular:

aa) with the development of activity in the field of postal services providing users with the right to universal service, as this service is defined in the articles of the next chapter,

bb) with the high level protection for Ms consumers in particular through the provision of simple and inexpensive procedures for resolving their disputes with postal service providers,

c) with the protection of personnel data character and private life,

dd) by meeting the needs of specific communities social groups, especially disadvantaged users.

2. In case of war or conscription or for the sake of God emergency of immediate social need that may endanger public order or health, by decision of the Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks is permitted class of postal service providers. With this decision, its duration is also regulated.

Article 4 Responsibilities of the Ministry of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks

The Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks exercises the following responsibilities in the field of providing postal services:

a. He represents Greece in international bodies in the field of postal services and constitutes the National Authority of the field of courier services road services.

b. It assigns the provision of universal service, according to with the procedure provided for in Article 7 hereof, to the universal service provider and concludes with it the universal service provision contract.

c. It determines by its decision, following the opinion of EETT, the conditions, the selection criteria and the procedure for determining the postal service provider, which will provide the universal service.

d. Determines after the opinion of E.E.T.T. the conditions for ensuring the basic requirements regarding the provision of postal services.

e. The regulations herein and the authorities to which the responsibilities deriving from its implementation have been assigned are announced to the European Commission, under the supervision of the Minister of Infrastructure, Me-transport and networks.

Article 5 Responsibilities of the National Telecommunications and Posts Committee (EETT)

1. E.E.T.T. constitutes the National Regulatory Authority in the field of postal services and still exercises them responsibilities:

a. It studies and elaborates topics in the field of water services assigned to it by the Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks and submits a technical suggestions.

b. Supervises the implementation of the legal and regulation framework and addresses, ex officio or at the request of another competent Greek authority or an authority of the European Union, reasoned instructions or recommendations to persons or businesses acting are concentrated in the field of providing postal services.

c. Examines, ex officio or at the request of the Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks, the technical, economic and social parameters of the operation of postal services and recommends to the Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks the taking ŷ of the appropriate ŷ measures for the smooth and efficient operation and collapse of the postal market.

d. Communicates to the public, through any appropriate means of publicity, its views on any issue that promotes its work and mission, as well as the development, in general, of the postal services sector in Greece.

e. Draws up, with its decisions, codes of conduct rules that govern the exercise of postal activities solidities.

f. Issues a Regulation on resolution procedures dŷ matters that arise between postal service providers, between them and the finance as well as user complaint procedures .

g. Determines with its decision the method of calculating the net cost of the universal service, in accordance to those defined in Annex I. It is informed by the universal service provider about the net costs resulting from its obligation to provide universal service and verifies it.

h. Manages net cost reimbursement of the universal service, according to article 8.

i. Registers the persons who meet the requirements positions of the general license in the register kept by it and grants, renews, modifies, suspends issues, extends and revokes the special permits, and approves the leasing, concession of use, transfer or joint exploitation thereof.

j. Issues Regulations regarding the general and own licenses which regulate in particular the conditions for providing services under a general or special license regime , the modification of these conditions, as well as any issue related to the payment of fees by postal service providers.

ya. It approves the accounting system and controls the keeping of a separate account by the universal service provider , in accordance with Article 10.

l. It issues a Regulation on the determination of objective methods of costing, which apply stored in the internal accounting system of the universal service provider. m. It regularly

issues a relevant certificate for the compliance of the universal service provider's accounting system with European Union legislation.

no. Maintains detailed information about the accounting system institution of the universal service provider and sends them to the European Commission upon its request.

yes Announces the quality specifications of Ms public service and notifies them to the European Commission.

p. It conducts, with its care and expenses, an annual objective control of the quality of the Catholic service audit by an independent body, according to the standards set by the European Commission, and ensures the publication of the audit results.

z. It regulates matters of user protection in the field of postal services and issues from y phase by which a maximum flat-rate compensation (including compensation for moral damage) is determined for defective provision of services or unjustified interruption of service to users in

h. It offers its services to be resolved through times that arise between postal service providers on the one hand and between them and the State or users on the other and which concern national legislation and European Union legislation during the exercise of postal

of activities governed by the provisions of this law and the Regulation, which is seen in case f of paragraph 1 of this article.

Mr. Exercises arbitral powers to resolve disputes times between postal service providers sions, based on a co-promissory arbitration agreement on issues relating to the application of this law.

Ms. Following a complaint by a competent authority or third parties, or ex officio, calls on those who violate the rules of postal activities to comply to these rules, conducts hearings to establish a violation and imposes the procedures

civil sanctions provided for in article 17. cv. Acts ex officio or at the request of the Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks, municipal consultations on issues within its competences, in accordance with the provisions of national and European Union legislation on speed-road services.

Mrs. It cooperates and exchanges information with every competent public authority, especially with the Ministry of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks, the Competition Commission, the Data Protection Authority of a confidential nature, the Communications Privacy Assurance Authority, the Social Insurance Foundation - Yes Salary Insurance Fund and the Inspectorate Working Committee on issues related to the postal service sector. In relation to the information exchanged, the receiving Authority ensures the same level of confidentiality as the transmitting Authority.

kd. It exercises the following control powers:

Mr. Checks compliance with the rules of the competition regulation in the field of providing postal services and applies the provisions of Law 3959/2011 (ÿÿ 93), during the exercise of the activities by the provider of postal services, as well as

provisions of articles 101 (former article 81 of the ESA) and 102 (former article 82 of the ESA) of the Consolidated of the Treaty on European Union and the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union (C 83/30.3.2010) in accordance with Regulation 1/2003/EC (L 001). E.E.T.T. may request the assistance of the Competition Commission in this case.

cbd. It controls the attack, from other operators pay of postal services, of the exclusive rights of the universal service provider until 31.12.2012. In this case, E.E.T.T. invites the postal service provider to cooperate

be informed of his obligations within two (2) days of establishing the validity of the relevant complaint.

kdg. Checks compliance with the price regulations account of the universal services provided and the protection of users' rights.

kdd It checks whether postal service providers comply with the conditions of the license granted to them and whether they still meet the conditions for their registration in the register. If E.ET.T., during the exercise of its audit competences states, ascertains the performance of actions or omissions, the control of which belongs to the competence of other of all administrative authorities or within the jurisdiction of a judicial authority, refers these cases to the competent authorities.

Mr. It evaluates and approves with its decision the prices for the universal service provider in accordance with Article 9.

kst. If, after a study, it is deemed necessary to safeguard the interests of users and promote competition and the provision of the universal service is not burdened, it issues a regulation, which determines the terms of access of postal service providers to infrastructure and services of the provider universal service.

2.a. In the exercise of the responsibilities of E.ETT. in order to impose sanctions, its staff acts on the order of its President and has, for the collection of data and the conduct of investigations, the rights provided for in articles 38 and 39 of Law 3959/2011 (Aÿ 93). These persons have the right, in order to ascertain the violations of this law, to check the tax books and data of the businesses provided for by the applicable provisions

institutions and organizations, excluding their confiscation or receipt, as well as all other books, data and documents thereof, to carry out searches in their office and other facilities, to receive

jurors or innocent witnesses, at their discretion, testimony, subject to what is defined in article 212 of the Code of Criminal Procedure. The relevant provisions, prohibitions, penalties and sanctions of articles 39 and 44 of Law 3959/2011 (Aÿ 93) are also applied in case of refusing to provide information, obstructing or hindering the work of E.ET.T., with the reservation application of the sanctions provided for by this law. In the exercise of their above responsibilities, the staff of E.ET.T. has an obligation of confidentiality in accordance with article 41 of Law 3959/2011 (ÿÿ93).

b. E.E.T.T. issues a Regulation by which it determines the type and procedure for carrying out investigations or other audit acts to establish violations of this law, the relevant hearing procedure cases before its bodies, the immediate or urgent measures it may take in these cases to safeguard the smooth operation of the postal market and any related matter for the exercise of its audit powers.

CHAPTER II CATHOLIC SERVICE

Article 6

Universal service content and quality

1. To users of postal services, independently from the point of the Greek Territory where they are, a universal service of a certain quality is provided permanently and at affordable prices, as is hereby defined.

2. The right of users to receive information services are ensured:

a) By determining the density of contact, access and collection points, based on the users, geographical specificities and social conditions.

b) By providing postal service five (5) working days a week except in exceptional cases conditions or special geographical conditions.

c) By carrying out one (1) collection and one (1) distribution per day at the home or headquarters of each natural or legal person at least, or, by way of derogation and subject to conditions, in appropriate facilities.

3. The right of users to a universal service does not prevent the state from taking measures in accordance with the public interest that particularly concerns public order and security, including crime investigations.

4. The universal service includes at least the following individual services:

a) The collection, transport, sorting and distribution of postal items weighing up to 2 kilograms Mon.

b) The collection, transport, sorting and distribution of postal parcels weighing a maximum of 20 kilograms with the possibility of establishing special arrangements for the home delivery of such parcels, following a decision by E.E.T.T.

c) The services of registered and shipments with a declared value.

The services that fall under the universal service are determined based on the needs of the users, the technological developments and the development of market forces. Any change in the content of the universal service must take into account the necessary adaptation period of the provider universal service and/or recovery possible cost-conscious. By decision of the Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks, following the opinion of EETT, the services that fall under the universal service are defined and special terms and conditions may be approved for the provision of postal services to persons who are blind or with severe disabilities. vision problems.

5. The minimum and maximum dimensions of the tachyý postal items are determined by the relevant regulations of the Universal Postal Union.

6. The quality of the universal national services provided, as well as the intra-community services provided, are determined by a decision of the Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks and, further, are to be defined in the award contract provided seen in article 7. The universal service provider complies with the technical standards applicable in the field of postal services and which are published in the Official Journal of the European Communities.

7. The universal service provider ensures requires a sufficient set of user access points throughout the Territory to provide the universal service. It has at least one mail collection access point for every 1,000 inhabitants in urban areas and at least one at the access point to every settlement in the rural areas of the country.

8. Areas where street numbering is incomplete or without unique street names and consequently there are no has the possibility of home delivery of postal items, they are served by appropriate facilities stations (letter boxes) installed under the responsibility of the first-level Local Government Organizations at appropriate predetermined points, in con-agreement with the universal service provider. Appropriate facilities installed at the expense of Local Government authorities may be used by all postal service providers. The installation areas of the mailboxes are approved by E.ETT.

9. The distribution of postal items is done to the recipient's address, provided that the address is correctly and completely written on the postal item, i.e. it includes street, number and postal code. The listed street and number should be unique per area, officially determined by the relevant Local Authority

first class Municipality. By decision of E.ETT. the conditions for the distribution of postal items, their possible deviations and conditions, as well as any related matter are determined.

10. The exceptional circumstances or deviations common are made to the European Commission and to all the corresponding authorities of the member states of the European Union, with the supervision of the E.E.T.T.

Article 7

Universal service provision

1. By decision of the Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks, the public or private body that provides the universal service to the entire Territory and which is selected in accordance with the provisions of p.d. 59/2007 (A' 63). The assignment of Ms tolic service is done in accordance with the principles of transparency, non-discrimination and proportionality. E.E.T.T. communicates the identity of the universal service provider to the European Commission and informs the European Commission accordingly regarding the measures taken to ensure universal service.

2. With a contract signed between the universal service provider and the Minister of Suby structures, Transports and Networks, the terms and conditions for the provision of the universal service are defined, the penalties in case of non-observance of the provisions and conditions, the maximum lump-sum compensation of users in the event of faulty service provision. The control of compliance with the terms of the contract and the imposition of practical sanctions is made by E.ETT. 3.

The assignment contract includes at least the content and quality of the universal service, the conditions for drawing up the invoices, any sub-international mail service charges, in accordance with the terms of the Universal Mail of the Union, as well as the possibility of the entity to assign part of its rights and obligations to third parties for parts of the Territory, in order to maximally ensure the quality provision of the full service and provides for the payment of the reimbursable fees determined by the Rule provision of paragraph 2 of article 12 hereof. The assignment contract supersedes all licenses required for the provision of postal services which are included in it. The Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks may review emerges, after a suggestion by E.ET.T. and at least every six years, the terms and manner of providing the universal service, being able to request re-negotiation of the relevant terms of the assignment contract.

4. Assign to the universal service provider is the exclusive right to issue letters of blood stamps and the related philatelic activity.

Article 8 Universal Service Funding

1. The net cost of providing the universal service costs the universal service provider on the part of providing postal services within the universal service, the providers of postal services within the universal service and the State Budget.

2. By a joint decision of the Ministers of Finance and Infrastructure, Transport and Networks, the part of the net cost of providing the universal service that is charged to the State Budget is determined. With the same decision, following a proposal by EETT, the method of apportionment of the part of Mr. costs borne by postal service providers. Cost sharing is done is carried out in a transparent, objective and neutral manner, in order to avoid the risk of double payment of contributions both for the outflows and for the inflows of the postal service providers receiving taking into account, among other things, the geographical distribution of the postal work carried out by each operator and the corresponding revenues.

3. E.E.T.T. is responsible for the calculation and individualization of the contributions of this article for each postal service provider. E.E.T.T. is also responsible for the collection and return to the beneficiary ledger provider

service of the corresponding amounts, with the exception of the contributions charged to the beneficiary body in accordance with paragraph 1 of this article, which the beneficiary body may set off.

The part of the net cost of providing the education public service that burdens the State Budget calculation, in accordance with paragraph 2 of this article, is attributed directly to the beneficiary universal service provider.

5. The provision of additional services beyond the suby universal service charges, such as the distribution of pensions and money orders, is not subject to compensation mechanisms that require the of postal service providers, but may be financed in accordance with the rules of European State Aid Law.

Article 9 Global Service Pricing

1. The invoices of the postal services that pay flow in the context of universal service must be accessible and, as far as possible, reflect live the cost and give incentives for the result physical provision of the universal service.

2. Invoices must respect the principles of inter-transparency and the avoidance of discrimination, to be uniform for the entire Territory as well as cross-border services, when they are provided with a fee per unit of postal item.

3. The universal service provider may apply special tariffs for certain services, such as services provided to businesses to senders of large quantities of mail or to entities that use part of the service of postal service. In this case, the tariffs and terms of service must respect the principles of transparency and non-discrimination. These tariffs must also be applied both to third parties and to service providers

of postal services providing equivalent services. Any such tariff must be available to users, in particular individual users and small and medium-sized enterprises that use modify postal services under similar circumstances.

4. Universal postal service providers form the final fees for the process southern cross-border mail, in such a way that:

- a) be adjusted to the handling cost and distribution,
- b) be proportional to the quality of the services provided and
- c) be transparent and non-discriminatory.

Article 10 Internal universal service accounting systems

1. The universal service provider shall keep separate accounts in its internal accounting system so that a clear distinction is made between the various services and products that are part of the universal service and those that are not part of the universal service. The accounting separation is used as given by

calculation of the net cost of universal liability resia. The internal accounting systems work are based on therefore applied and objectively reasonable cost principles. 2. The accounting systems described in paragraph 1, subject to paragraph 3, allocate the cost elements as follows:

a) the cost elements that can be directly attributed to a specific service or product are counted in it,

b) common cost elements, i.e. those that cannot be directly attributed to a specific service or product, are allocated as follows:

aa) Whenever possible, common cost elements are allocated to categories on the basis of direct perŷ solution of their origin.

bb) If direct analysis is not possible, common costs are allocated to categories based on the average relation to another cost category or to a group of cost categories for which direct allocation or attribution is possible. The indirect relationship will be based on a comparable cost structure.

cc) When neither direct nor indirect cost allocation measures can be found, then the cost category is allocated based on a general key calculated using the ratio of all costs that are directly or indirectly attributed or reported they are spun, on the one hand to each of the universal postal services and on the other hand to the other services.

dd) Common cost elements necessary for the provision of both universal and non-universal services are allocated appropriately. Both in the classrooms universal and non-universal services should be subject to the same cost drivers.

3. Other costing systems may apply they can only be used if they are compatible with what is defined in paragraph 1 and have been approved by E.E.T.T. Euy European Commission is informed, before the application by them, from E.E.T.T.

4. The universal postal service provider's compliance with any of the above brought accounting systems is verified by E.E.T.T.

5. E.E.T.T. keep sufficiently detailed information available regarding the costing systems applied by the universal service provider and submit this information to the European Commission upon its request.

6. If they are requested, they are confidentially put on the record position of E.E.T.T. and the European Commission specific accounting information relating to or resulting from these systems.

CHAPTER III EXERCISE OF POSTAL ACTIVITIES

Article 11 General license to provide postal services

1. The provision of all postal services is allowed, except for the services of article 6 of the ronto, by natural or legal persons under general license status, after their registration in the Ta- Register of Water Enterprises held at E.ETT.

2. By Regulation issued by E.ETT. and which is published in the Government Gazette, reg the categories of general licenses, the way of registration of natural and legal persons in the Non-eat, the determination of the amount of the annual remuneration fees and the manner of their payment, as well as any related issue concerning general licenses.

3. For registration in the Postal Register of statements held at E.E.T.T. it is necessary to submit a Declaration of the Provision of Postal Services (hereinafter: "Declaration") of the company, which includes are the data referred to in the Regulation issued by E.ETT. 4. E.E.T.T.

registers the business in the Register of Postal Businesses, within fifteen (15) days from the date of filing the Declaration of Provision of Postal Services, provided that the conditions of the previous paragraph are met. This registration constitutes the General Express Delivery License road services. In the event of a complete interruption of postal services for a long period of time after twelve (12) months, it is deleted from the Register. For the reopening of the business, a new Declaration must be submitted.

5. If there is any doubt as to the inclusion of the requested postal services in the regime of general or special licenses, the ETTT, with its decision issued within six (6) weeks from the receipt of the relevant Statement, sets temporary conditions of provision and allows the provision of the requests services or temporarily rejects the Declaration and informs the applicant of the reasons for the rejection bake. Within one (1) month from the issuance of the above decision, EETT, with a new decision, determines the final conditions for the provision of the services or definitively rejects the Declaration, with a reasoned decision or informs the provider that he must obtain a special permit, as provided for in article 12.

Article 12 Special license to provide postal services

1. For the provision of the services of paragraph 4 of article 6 hereof, as well as for the provision of postal services which, at the discretion of EETT, do not differ significantly from the universal postal service, a special license is required which is granted by EETT.

2. By Regulation of E.E.T.T. conditions are regulated and the process of granting, renewing, amending of, leasing, concession of use, transfer, sharing, suspension and revocation of the of licenses, the determination of the amount of the annual remuneration entry fees and the manner of their payment, as well as any relevant issue concerning special permits.

3. For the granting of special permits, it is submitted to E.ETT. application of the postal service provider, with content and necessary supplements financial documents and information, which are detailed in the Regulations issued by the EETT.

4. The special permits are granted within six (6) weeks groups from submitting an application with all justifications information required by the postal service provider in E.E.T.T.

Article 13
Obligations of postal service providers

1. Natural and legal persons who provide speed route services are due: a. To keep correspondence confidential. b. To ensure the equal treatment of all users. c. To take measures so that national defense and security are not compromised. d. To ensure the protection of users' personal data and its protection
- sia of private life. e. To ensure compliance with working conditions provided for by national legislation.
- g. To observe and publicize a Charter of Obligations of services to the Consumer (C.Y.C.).
- h. To pay to E.ETT. the annual fees technical fees as defined from time to time, as well as universal service cost financing fees.
- i. To comply with the provisions on the protection of the child rival and zoning.
- j. To ensure the continuous supply of mail of their services throughout the validity period of their licence.
- ya. To ensure that their tariffs meet the rules of fair competition and regulations transparency, that they are properly published and that they are notified to E.ETT.
- l. To provide E.ETT, within the time limits and detail that E.ETT has determined, in confidence tically and at the request of E.E.T.T. any necessary information and elements to check compliance with the provisions of this law, the execution of its decisions based on this law, as well as for clearly defined statistical purposes, including financial information and information related to the provision of the universal service.
2. In particular, the providers of postal services companies providing postal services under a special license must additionally:
- a. To keep separate accounts and apply make an accounting separation so that a clear distinction is made between the services and products that are part of the special license and those that are not. b. To provide the universal service, if defined are for this purpose in accordance with article 7.
3. Those postal service providers must contribute to the financing of the of the Tholican postal service and/or the administrative and operational costs of E.E.T.T. are obliged to apply appropriate accounting separation so that the determination of the financial figures is easy of the services that are subject to the obligation to contribute to the financing of universal speed road service and administrative and operational of E.ETT's expenses
4. In case of transfer of the special license pay of postal services, it is required to submit to E.ETT. declaration of concession by the body that holds the relevant special license and declaration per

taking over the operation with all the rights and obligations provided for in the special license by the contractor. The submission of declarations does not exempt the interested parties from obligations to other Authorities.

CHAPTER IV
PROVISION OF POSTAL SERVICES

Article 14

Protection of users of postal services

1. Postal service providers must shall have clear, simple, low-cost, publicly available procedures for dealing with user complaints relating in particular to loss, theft, turning of postal items (in which pe) responsibilities sharing procedures are adopted, when more than one entity intervenes), subject to compliance with the relevant international and national provisions on compensation.
2. E.E.T.T. checks the adequacy of the procedures of the previous paragraph and in particular the performance means, where provided, of compensating users for faulty provision of a service, as well as the effectiveness of rendering the relevant compensation osion. If E.E.T.T. deems that the above process and/or efficiency are not satisfactory, informs the body and proposes corresponding improvements. Refusal of the institution to proceed with the requests necessary modifications entail the imposition of the sanctions provided for in article 17.
3. Without prejudice to the exercise of legal aid before the judicial authorities, users individually or collectively can appeal to E.E.T.T. for complaints concerning postal service providers. 4. The universal postal service provider

service, as well as postal service providers within the scope of the universal service are required to publish an annual report with the number of user complaints they deal with and how they were handled in at least one (1) national newspaper or on their website in the first quarter of each year. Failure to comply with these obligations entails sanctions in accordance with article 17.

Article 15

Provision of information by postal service providers

1. By decisions of the E.E.T.T. the details are determined information to be provided by postal service providers in order to control traffic their formation with the provisions herein, as well as for statistical reasons. The same decision defines the deadlines within which the information in question must be provided, as well as the required level of detail.
2. The requested information, the time frames within which the information in question must be provided traffic, as well as the required level of detail in part they must be proportional to the responsibilities of E.E.T.T.

3. The information in application of the law that is characterized by the national legislation as information corrections and the information provided by other numbers of EU member countries and similarly characterized, should be used accordingly.

**CHAPTER V
INDEMNIFICATION - PENALTIES**

**Article 16
Compensations**

1. The defective provision of services gives rise to the right of lump- sum compensation for users. Especially the loss or late delivery of ordinary postal receipts texts does not give rise to a right to compensation.

2. By decision of E.ET.T. the maximum amount of the lump sum compensation is determined, subject to the following paragraphs.

3. The postal service provider may must agree with the users a larger lump sum compensation.

4. The aforementioned limitation of compensation by granting flat-rate compensation for occupancy covers any claim of the user arising from the provision of postal services, whether in contract or in tort, and does not apply if the breach of contractual obligation or tort is attributable to the fraud of the postal service provider or persons acting on its behalf. The postal service provider is exempt

shall in any case be exempted from any responsibility for any reason regarding defective performance of postal services, as long as it is not notified in writing within six (6) months from the preparation of the postal small contract.

**Article 17
Penalties**

1. Violation of provisions herein, conditions of the license, or the provision of postal services differ of those described in the "Declaration" of article 11 implies the imposition, after hearing of the interested parties, one or more of the following sanctions:

a. Recommendation or warning.

b. A fine of up to three hundred and fifty thousand (350,000) euros, which is assessed and collected according to the provisions of the K.E.D.E. In the event of non-compliance with a recommendation or warning from E.E.T.T. a fine of up to forty thousand (40,000) euros may be imposed. c.

Temporary revocation of license.

d. Final revocation of the license.

2. The sanctions of the previous paragraph EETT, which publishes the relevant results phases of it by any appropriate means, ensuring the maintenance of business confidentiality.

3. For the imposition of the sanctions of paragraph 1, the seriousness of the violation, the type of postal services provided by the ravis, the extent of its activity and its possible recurrence.

4. The sanctions of this article are imposed regardless of the provision of criminal sanctions or

the payment of civil damages for the same company behavior.

5. The maximum height of the according to paragraph 1 above can be adjusted by a decision of the Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks, after a recommendation from EETT.

6. The staff of postal service providers have, in relation to the obligations of accountability of the postal communication set by the Authority for Ensuring the Privacy of Communications and the operating conditions set by EETT, the status of the employee of article 263a of the Criminal Code.

**CHAPTER VI
TRANSITIONAL AND OTHER PROVISIONS**

**Article 18
Ensuring the financial viability of the
universal service provider**

1. To ensure the financial viability of the universal service provider, until 31.12.2012, the exclusive right to collect

sort, sort, transport and distribute domestic mail items, whether or not with expedited delivery , of incoming and outgoing mail fias (cross-border mail) and advertising mail, with a weight limit of fifty (50) grams. The above exclusive right of the universal service provider, as well as the above weight limit, are lifted from 1.1.2013.

2. The weight limit defined above does not apply if the price is equal to or greater than two and a half times the price of the public fee for an object writing of the first weight class of the fastest category. 3. By decision of

the Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks, the above weight and price limits may be modified , as well as a different date of expiry of the exclusive domain , earlier than 31.12.2012.

**Article 19
Issues of ELTA S.A.**

To HELLENIC POSTS (ELTA) S.A. is granted the exclusive right to use the name "Hellenic Posts SA" and the distinctive title "ELTA".

**Article 20
Repealed provisions**

1. From the entry into force of this law cat they taste:

a. The n.d. 496/1970 "On the organization and operation of Post Offices" (A' 73), except for articles 1 and 17.

b. Law 2668/1998 "Organization of the provision of water services and other provisions", (A' 282), as amended by Law 3185/2003 (A' 229), except for articles 23, 26, 27, 28 and 29, as amended and in force.

2. The regulatory provisions that have been issued under the authority of the above laws remain in force until they are expressly amended or repealed by the regulatory provisions provided for in this da law

Article 21**Transitional provisions**

1. Postal service providers who, at the time of publication of this law, provide courier services route services under a valid general or special license, continue to provide the same services in accordance with the terms hereof.

2. ELTA SA remains a universal service provider until 31.12.2028. The terms of service of Ms total service are determined by the contract of assignment agreement concluded between the Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks and ELTA SA, in accordance with the provisions of this law.

PART B
ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATIONS
CHAPTER VII
NATIONAL ELECTROMAGNETIC
FIELDS OBSERVATORY

Article 22**National Observatory of Electromagnetic Fields**

1. The Hellenic Atomic Energy Commission (HEAC) is responsible for the continuous measurement and recording, in selected locations, of the levels of electromagnetic fields, which are due to the set of antenna stations of all kinds.

2. In the EEA the National Observer is created Department of Electromagnetic Fields, which is responsible for the continuous control of compliance with the statutory limits of safe exposure of the public to electricity magnetic fields as defined in current legislation, through an interconnected system of processing stations and fixed, mobile and of explicit electricity price measurement stations of genetic radiation, henceforth called "Network" and the constant information of the public.

3. By joint decisions of the Ministers of Infrastructure, Meý Transport and Networks, Education, Lifelong Learning and Religions, and Development, Competitiveness and Shipping, after a proposal by the EEAS, the matters of organization, establishment, financing, development, expansion, maintenance and operation of the National Observatory of Electromagnetic Fields and a Regulation of the National Observatory of Electromagnetic Fields is issued, which is published in the Government Gazette. The Regulation is issued within a period of six (6) months from the publication hereof and it defines:

- a. The terms, conditions and selection process of the entities connected to the Network.
- b. The criteria for selecting the installation location and/or and relocation of the measuring stations according to the presented needs.
- c. The terms, conditions and management process operation, expansion and maintenance of the Network.
- d. The agencies utilizing the results of electromagnetic radiation measurements.
- e. The organization and monitoring by the E.E.A.E., the Ministry of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks, the E.E.T.T. and other stakeholders, such as Peý regions, municipalities, universities, broadcasters physical and telecommunication services, T.E.E., of

measurements of electromagnetic radiation values convenience and their publication.

g. The publication of periodical reports by the E.E.A.E. regarding the results of the measurements of the teriý of the limits of electromagnetic radiation, as well as every necessary detail for the application of this paragraph.

4. The E.E.A.E. in collaboration with the Ministry of Infrastructure of Transport and Networks undertakes the initial creation and support of the National Observatory of Electromagnetic Fields and is responsible for to:

- a. Plans and schedules the necessary meý scratches.
- b. It operates the information system in which all measurement data are recorded.
- c. It undertakes the presentation of the measurement data on an appropriately configured website in the form of simple and understandable diagrams per geographical area.
- d. Takes care of the good operation, maintenance and upgrade, if required, of all the user less equipment.

CHAPTER VIII**PRACTICE OF THE RADIO ELECTRONICS AND RADIO TECHNICIAN PROFESSION****Article 23****Terms and definitions**

1. Radio: General term applied to the use of radio waves.
2. Radio waves (or radio waves): Electromagnetic some waves whose frequency is lower than 3,000 GHz, propagated in space without an artificial guide.
3. Radio communication: Telecommunication by radio waves of.
4. Radio electronic device: Any device that uses radio waves in its operation.
5. Radio-electronic system: Combination of various devices, radio-electronic and non-radio-electronic, as well as accessories but after their accessories, which work together as an autonomous system.
6. Radio installation: Set of radio electronic components devices and systems placed in one space or in geographically dispersed spaces, properly connected to each other, after the necessary pa- of their trailers and supporting machinery, to achieve some service or realize some purpose.
7. Radio electronic operator A: Natural person, who knows determines the way specific tasks are performed sions on radio electronic devices, systems and installations. By granting him a profession work permit, it is declared that he has the requirement knowledge and experience and is qualified to carry out research, study, design, analysis, supervision of construction, installation and operation, quality control, maintenance and repair, carrying out expertise on all types of radio-electronic of electronic devices, systems and facilities of any complexity according to Mr godmothers of art and science. He also elaborates

studies of electromagnetic radiation with regard to the environmental effects and the safety of the relevant facilities.

8. Radioelectronic Bÿ: Natural person, who knows determines the way specific tasks are performed gasses on radio-electronic devices, systems and installations. By giving him a reason

legal work permit, it is declared that he has the required knowledge and experience and is suitable to carry out the study, design, analysis, supervision of construction, installation and operation, quality control, maintenance and repair, carrying out knowledge of radio-electronic devices, systems and installations of commensurate complexity with his knowledge and experience, in accordance with the rules of the art and science.

9. Radio technician A: Natural person, who knows how to perform specific tasks on radio electronic devices of systems and installations voltages provided for this license. By granting him a professional work permit is declared to have the required knowledge and experience and is suitable to carry out the installation, maintenance and repair of radio electronics devices, as well as the development, maintenance and repair of radio electronic systems and installations attitudes of commensurate complexity with his knowledge and experience, according to the rules of art and science. In addition, he may work as technical staff of a work group for the repair of a radio electronic device, as well as for the execution or arrangement of radio electronic systems and installations, beyond those to which he has the right from his license or to offer any

whenever technical assistance is needed by the head of radio electronic A' or B' of the group.

10. Radio technician B: Natural person, who knows lives the way specific tasks are performed conditions on radio electronic devices, systems and facilities provided for this license. By granting him a professional work permit, it is declared that he has the required knowledge and experience and is suitable to carry out the installation, maintenance and repair of radios

electronic systems and installations, as well as the development, maintenance and repair of installations of complexity corresponding to his knowledge and experience, according to the rules of art and science. In addition, he may work as an auxiliary technical staff of a working group for the repair of a radio-electronic device, as well as for the execution or arrangement of an installation, beyond what he is entitled to by his license or to offer any technical assistance needed by the chief radio-electronic A' or B' or the broadcaster

first team player.

11. Radio-electronic laboratory: Space suitably arranged and equipped, in which works related to radiotelegraphs are carried out electronic devices, systems and installations by persons who have the relevant license to practice the profession of radio electronics or radio-technician.

Article 24

Practicing the profession of radio electronics and radio technician – Establishment and operation of radio electronics laboratories

1. By presidential decrees following a proposal by the Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks and the co-competent Ministers as the case may be:

a) The issues of practicing the profession of radio electronics and radio technician are regulated. The rules regulations concern the categories of professional licenses, the professional rights of the licensees, the professional obligations of the licensees, the qualifications for obtaining a license and the certification process of these qualifications where required, the supporting documents for obtaining licenses, equivalents and equivalences of educational qualifications, previous service, the type of professional license forms, the correlation of the existing licenses of radio electrician A', radio electrician B', radio technician, radio assistant apprentice with the new radio electronics A', radio electronics B', radio technician A', radio technician B' licenses, the sanctions and any other necessary details.

b) They are defined in accordance with the applicable national law certification, the issues of recognition of the professional competence of citizens of countries – members of the European Union or of third countries who wish to obtain a license to practice the profession of radio electronics and radio technician or a license to operate a radio electronics laboratory, as well as any other necessary details part.

2. By presidential decree, following a proposal by the Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks and the co-competent Ministers as the case may be:

a) The terms and conditions of operation of the radioelectronic laboratories are regulated. The regulations concern their categories, terms, conditions provisions and the specifications for their legal operation, the extent of their work, the supporting documents for the issuance of an operating license, the required equipment they must have, the type of of their operating license, the specifications of the premises, the penalties and any other necessary detail.

b) The credit procedures and criteria are defined of training programs from EKEPIS and persons from EOPP in specialized knowledge specific fields such as electromagnetic compatibility, the system for conducting examinations where they are required, the subject matter, the procedures for the establishment and formation of examination committees, as well as any other necessary detail.

3. The expenditure for the financing of training programs specialized in related subjects of the General Secretariat of Communications, addressed to employees of the wider public sector independently or in collaboration with other bodies, is borne by the Public Investments budget and the State Budget (expenses of the Ministry of structures, Transport and Networks).

4. The above educational programs fall under the special actions of the General Secretariat of the Family laws referred to in Law 3431/2006.

Article 25**Registers**

By presidential decree, following a proposal by the Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks and the corresponding Ministers as the case may be, the procedures for creating and maintaining registers of persons subject to credit procedures are determined of poetry, in accordance with the provisions of this Decree and radioelectronic laboratories, in compliance with the provisions concerning the protection of personal data.

Article 26**Transitional provisions**

The provisions of n.d. 2624/1953 (Aÿ292), b.d. 510/1971 (Aÿ152) and p.d. 258/2003 (Aÿ 235) concerning the import radio electrologist and radio technician as well as the operation of radio electrical works elements are kept in force until the issuance of the presidential decrees of articles 23 to 25.

CHAPTER IX**ORGANIC UNITS OF THE MINISTRY****INFRASTRUCTURE, TRANSPORT AND NETWORKS****Article 27****Establishment of the Directorate of Telecommunications**

Network Infrastructures 1. In the General Directorate of Communications at the Ministry of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks, the Directorate of Telecommunications Network Infrastructures (D.T.D.Y.) is recommended.

2. The Directorate of Telecommunications Network Infrastructure of us (D.T.D.Y.) is responsible for the monitoring, supervision and control of IT and communication technology network facilities and the security of the operation of the networks.

3. In D.T.D.Y. the following sections are recommended:

a) Network Development Department

The responsibilities of the Department include in particular:

- The monitoring, supervision and control of IT and communications technology networks that use are made by the Ministry of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks.

- The determination of the procedures for the granting of rights of way, the manner of payment of the fees amounts, the beneficiaries of their collection and any other relevant details, the care for the issuance of the relevant joint ministerial decision and the monitoring lution of its implementation.

- Monitoring in European, Community and international level of policy for the development of the diÿ of IT and communication technologies with the aim in particular of achieving the objectives of the Information Society, the participation and support of the respective of work in European, Community and international affairs level, the representation of the Ministry in the corresponding bodies of international organizations and agencies, the implementation ground of the relevant international treaties and other international acts and the formulation of relevant recommendations. ÿ

The exercise of regulatory authority as well as the recommendation of the issuance of administrative acts in the field of development and operation of technological networks of IT and Communications.

- The participation and support of the strategic process of strategic planning, goal setting and planning setting priorities in the field of IT and communication technology network development , as well as cooperation with co-competent bodies for improvement, upgrading and more general intervention in the country's networks.

ÿ The processing of proposals for the examination of IT and related technology network issues societies.

ÿ The formulation of a recommendation on the feasibility of execution of IT network installation projects

transport and communications (optical fibers or other broadband zonal networks, etc.) in the country, included in national, European or international funding programs and the monitoring of their execution.

b) Network Security Department

The responsibilities of the Department include in particular:

ÿ The contribution to the implementation of the National Communications Security Plan and the plan to deal with and restore damage caused by natural disasters, as well as through management of emergencies in the country, in cooperation with E.ETT. and other stakeholders.

ÿ The proposal for determining the minimum sub-charges, to which they must comply companies in order to ensure the integrity of the network and the availability of the public telephone network and public telephones

at the Ministry of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks

- Monitoring at European, Community and international levels national level of practical foreign countries, the participation and support of the corresponding works in Euroÿ national, community and international level, the representation of the Ministry in the respective bodies of international organizations and bodies and the formulation of relevant explanations on matters of the department's competence.

c) Network Infrastructure Registry Department

The responsibilities of the Department include in particular:

- The gathering of data concerning the networks information technology and communications of the country.

- The electronic recording and monitoring of the general infrastructure of the country in matters of te-information technology and communications (in particular projects, studies, problems, operational interventions, conditions of the operators for the upgrade of the telecommunications national networks of the country).

- The registration and care of construction, operation and exploitation of technological networks of IT and communications of the country, as well as the keeping of all kinds of records in electronic form.

- The electronic recording of information networks and communications of the country, using modern geographic information systems.

4. For the additional staffing of the Directorate of Telecommunications Network Infrastructures (D.T.D.Y.) at the Ministry of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks, in addition to the existing staff, five (5) positions are recommended special scientific personnel related to work of private law of indefinite or fixed duration.

The number of specialist scientific staff positions to be filled at any given time, the specialties, the required scientific expertise and the period of employment are determined by the announcement.

5. In article 43 (Part Two, Chapter C) of the p.d. 293/1999 (Aÿ 263), a new paragraph is added as follows:

"Directorate of Telecommunications Network Infrastructures:
PE of Engineers or PE of Informatics or PE of Physicists -
Radio-electronics

a) Network Development Department
PE Engineering or TE Engineering or PE Physics ÿ Radioÿ
electricians

b) Network Security Department
PE of Engineers or PE of Informatics or PE of Physicists -
Radio-electronics

c) Network Infrastructure Registry Department
PE Engineering or PE Informatics or PE Physics – Raÿ
of diodes."

6. In article 27 par. 2 letter d' of the p.d. 293/1999 the following paragraph is added:

"- The monitoring of relevant issues and the recommendation-order to issue the required regulatory acts for the implementation of the Galileo program and the monitoring, supervision and control of satellite state networks implemented by the Ministry of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks."

Article 28

Renaming of Organic Units

Ministry of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks

1. The General Secretariat of Communications is renamed the General Secretariat of Telecommunications and Post. less.

2. The General Directorate of Communications is renamed the General Directorate of Telecommunications and Posts.

3. The Department of Surveillance and Control of Radio Broadcasts is renamed the Department of Satellite Communications and Surveillance of Radio Broadcasts.

CHAPTER I

ELECTRONIC

COMMUNICATIONS SUBJECT SETTINGS

Article 29

Amendments to Law 3431/2006 and Law 2801/2000

1. In article 1 par. 2 of Law 3431/2006 (Aÿ 13) additional a new paragraph is inserted which reads as follows:

"The responsibilities of E.E.T.T. specified in article 12, point k, also apply to the networks and individual radio communication stations of the amateur radio service, the radio service amateur via satellite, networks and individual stations used exclusively for experimental or research purposes and for indication, the stations of the frequency band service of citizens (CB), as well as for state electronic communications networks, excluding the networks and installations of the Armed Forces, the Soviet of Security and the Coast Guard. For the state electronic communications networks, E.E.T.T. has no power to impose sanctions. If, during the control, it is found by the E.E.T.T. that the interference comes from a state network, E.E.T.T. immediately informs the operator of the state network to remove the interference, as well as the Ministry of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks.

The responsibilities of E.E.T.T. specified in article 12, letter b) also apply to the networks and individual radio communication stations of the amateur radio service, the radio service amateur via satellite, networks and individual stations used exclusively for experimental or research purposes and for indication, the stations of the citizen band frequency (CB) service, as well as for the state power grids of communications, if required on a case-by-case basis, in accordance with current legislation."

2. The provision of article 2 letter k' of Law 3431/2006 is replaced as follows:

"ki) State electronic communications networks: Electronic communications networks and individual radio communications stations used by Ministries, Public Educational Institutions, regional services, the Armed Forces, the Security Forces, the Coast Guard, the National Guard

Department of Immediate Assistance (E.K.A.B.), foreign embassies and diplomatic missions, based on a bilateral intergovernmental agreement, the Civil Aviation Service and the National Meteorological Service (E.M.Y.), for the service exclusively their service needs and which are not used to provide commercial services to the public. The provision of responsibility of services from electronic service network providers or electronic communications services to the above bodies, which develop state networks, is governed by the provisions of the present."

3. In paragraph 2 of article 4 of Law 3431/2006 additional there are cases ii' and si', as follows:

"h. Defining and financing actions of a research nature, related to innovation section and the development of electronic communications excluding any form of commercial exploitation. By decision of the Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks, following the opinion of EETT, for the above actions, the terms and conditions under which the right to use radio frequency spectrum is granted, for the above purposes, are determined, the conditions assignment, renewal, modification, revocation of the actions and/or the right to use radio frequency spectrum, the maximum amount of funding

in accordance with the written provisions, as well as any other necessary detail."

"No. The determination and financing of actions related to information, familiarization and training in new technologies and the requirements that arise they fly from the application of Community directives, to the analysis expansion of broadband and internet use th, as well as in actions related to electronic communications, pursuant to this law."

4. The title of article 5 of Law 3431/2006 as amended made by "Electronics Policy Committee".

societies" in "Committees", and the provision of article 5 of Law 3431/2006 is numbered as paragraph 1 and paragraph number 2 is added to this article, as follows: "2. By decision of the

Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks, published in the Ky vernission, a permanent committee is set up in which representatives of the Ministry of Infrastructure participate,

of Transport and Networks, of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, of EETT, of ELOT, of the person to whom set by E.E.T.T. the maintenance of the Registry of domain names and the Central Administrative Union criteria for the monitoring of internet issues and domain names and the details of its composition, the number of members and its mode of operation are determined. The sector

let the committee be responsible for internet naming . The committee gathers and records data concerning the above subjects, investigates and determines the technical and legal issues, following

oversees the implementation of the decisions of Greek, international and European organizations, bodies, working groups and committees, supports the corresponding meetings at the Greek, European, Community and international level and participates, elaborates and submits proposals on the above topics. The committee requests information and data from the competent institutions and services, which must provide them in a timely manner."

5. Paragraph n of Article 12 of Law 3431/2006 against becomes as follows:

"No. Maintains and manages the National Radio Registry frequencies in which they have full and online connection binding and read-only access by the authorities

Services of the Ministries of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks and National Defence. By decision of the Ministers of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks and National Defence following a proposal by E.ETT. the requirements are defined matters that must be met by the Registry, in order to be able to exercise the powers of article 4, matters concerning the organization, operation, compilation and control of this Register, as well as any issue related to the implementation of this."

6. In article 12 of Law 3431/2006, the following is added case bb' as follows:

"mv. It issues decisions to regulate Internet addressing issues, such as post-issues base from IPV4 to IPV6, updating involved files flows and providers' compliance with technologies developments and specifies the corresponding Standards and Recommendations of the International Telecommunication Union."

7. In article 12 of Law 3431/2006, the following is added case m as follows:

"Mc. It regulates issues related to technology net neutrality in accordance with the principles of article 3 of Law 3431/2006."

8. Paragraph 12 of article 24 of Law 3431/2006 is replaced as follows:

"12. If interference is detected in radio networks communication, wired networks, electronic equipment or radio equipment, the owner or user of the equipment he is obliged to immediately remove the interference and the prescribed sanctions are imposed against him. In the case of submitting a written complaint for harmful interference, E.E.T.T. is obliged, the no within thirty (30) days of receiving it, to carry out an audit. After identifying the source of the above-mentioned interferences, E.ETT. must order their removal, informing the complainant accordingly. Complaints are evaluated and reviewed against

priority based on their severity."

9. In Law 3431/2006, a new article with items 31A is added, as follows:

"Article 31A

Small station installations and of low interference antenna constructions

By joint decision of the Ministers of Environment, Energy and Climate Change and Infrastructure, Meta-times and Networks, following the proposal of E.ETT., Ms are defined, in addition to the exceptions provided for in article 1 par. 2A of law 2801/2000 and in article 31 of law 3431/2006 as applicable from time to time, the categories, terms, conditions and functional specifications of them, their technical characteristics, control and penalties in case of violations, as well as any related matter, for the construction of low-energy antennas of electromagnetic environmental disturbance, whose total effective isotropic radiated power (eirp) does not exceed 164 W. These facilities are exempt from the licensing process of the throu 1 par. 2A of Law 2801/2000 and Article 31 of Law 3431/2006, as applicable."

10. Case b of paragraph 2 of article 63 of Law 3431/2006 is replaced as follows:

"b) a fine of up to 3,000,000 euros which is collected according to the Public Revenue Collections Code (K.E.D.E.),'

11. Point C of paragraph 5 of article 1 of Law 2801/2000, as amended by point C of paragraph 1 of Article 70 of Law 3431/2006, is replaced as follows:

"C) By decision of ETTT, after a technical report by the competent agency, to the owners of antenna constructions on land:

a) who do not have a license or a certificate of registration or

b) who have a license or a certificate of file completeness, which have been issued on the basis of false, inaccurate or falsified information,

an administrative fine is imposed from ten thousand (10,000) euros up to three hundred thousand (300,000) euros. Perjury in particular is considered an aggravating case misrepresentation or falsification of information or recidivism. These fines constitute State revenue and are collected in accordance with the Public Revenue Collection Code (K.E.D.E.)."

12. Case yb' of article 12 of Law 3431/2006, as amended by Article 24 par. 2 of Law 3534/2007, is replaced as follows:

"lb. It issues licenses for the construction of land station antennas, including radio and television and exercises all the responsibilities referred to in article 1 of Law 2801/2000, except for subsections C, D and E of paragraph 4 of the same article and subsection f of paragraph 2 of article 4 of the law. 3431/ 2006. It issues every necessary regulatory act for the exercise of its powers, which includes in particular the procedure for granting the construction permit, the conditions for co-location or shared use of facilities, the conditions for identifying each antenna construction, the procedures for amending or revoking the licenses."

13. Paragraph 17 of article 31 of Law 3431/2006 is replaced as follows:

"17. For the licensing of audio antenna constructions the following are bathed:

A. Before installing an antenna structure or modifying an existing antenna structure, the disputant submits a complete file, through the Electronic Application Submission System (ELS). The completed file is considered complete if it includes the following applications/studies:

- a) Application to the Civil Aviation Service (USA) regarding aviation safety.
- b) Application for the granting of radio usage rights frequencies or proof of legal use of the co-transmission and reception parameters, such as relative reference of Decisions granting rights of E.E.T.T. or reference to exemption provisions from said obligation, to which the applicant is subject.
- c) Study of Radio Broadcasts for the issuance of a positive opinion of the E.E.A.E.
- d) Environmental Impact Study or as per p exemption application for inclusion in the Environmental Standards Commitments, in accordance with the current provisions on environmental licensing.
- e) Study for the placement of the relevant facilities voltages in accordance with the urban planning regulations.
- f) Requests that may be required on a case-by-case basis.
- g) Responsible declaration of Law 1599/1986 for the fulfillment folder status.

When submitting the complete file to SILYA, the interested party is obliged to pay an administrative fee, the amount of which is set by EETT. In the above administrative fee integrated are all possible fees paid by the interested party to the competent services that examine the studies/applications. The signatories of the studies sions, they are liable according to the written provisions. The technicians signing the studies must have the required qualifications and be responsible for the project subject of their studies in accordance with the written provisions.

By decision of the Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks and of the co-competent Ministries as the case may be gon, which is issued within six (6) months from publication pursuant to the present, issues of procedures and implementation of the SILYA, as well as any related issue, are regulated.

Until the issuance of the ministerial decision in question, the applications/studies are examined on a case-by-case basis competent services simultaneously, independently and without requiring the approval or consent of the other competent services, in accordance with the applicable legislation.

By decision of E.ET.T. which is issued within three (3) months from the publication hereof, every matter related to the operation of SILYA, as well as every matter of competence of E.E.T.T. is regulated. related to the licensing of antenna constructions in the context of this.

B. The competent services, through an online project to SILYA, within four months from the electronic submission of the complete file of the above item A, they must check the

matters of their competence and to inform SILYA:

- a) for issuing their approvals or
- b) for the existence of formal deficiencies or errors in the submitted applications/studies, in order for them to be completed/corrected or
- c) for the reasoned rejection of the deposits of applications/studies.

C. The ETTT, after four months have passed since the electronic submission of the complete file of the above element A':

- a) Issuing an Antenna Manufacturing License, as long as all the required approvals have been issued by the competent authorities services and publishes the contents of the whole on the relevant website of the file, in accordance with the provisions in the above element A'.
- b) Issues a Certificate of Completeness of the applicant given file and proceeds to publicize the contents of the entire file on the relevant website of the drawn file, in accordance with the provisions in the above element A', after a completeness check and with the condition of the agreement of the E.E.A.E. and the Y.A.P.A., as well as the granting of frequency usage rights by the E.E.T.T. The Certificate in question is revoked when the Antenna Manufacturing License is issued according to this point C, point a.
- c) Rejects the application in case there is at least one final reasoned rejection by the competent Services.

D. E.ETT, with the help of geographic information system (GIS), publishes antenna constructions for which an Antenna Construction Permit or Certificate of Completion has been issued, as well as all relevant approvals with the relevant conclusions of the studies.

E. The owner, after the issuance of the Construction Permit of the Antenna or the Certificate of Completion, may proceed with the installation and operation of the site antenna equipment and must at the same time:

- a) Notify the Antenna Manufacturing License or the Certificate of Completion to the competent body smo of the local government of the first degree of the installation location of the antenna structure.
- b) To have an easy-to-read, indelible sign posted near the base of the antenna, on which the owner's name or surname and the unique number of either the License or the Certificate of Completion are written.

The connection of the antenna construction to the public utility networks is allowed if the specific antenna construction has an Antenna Construction License or Certificate of Completion.

F. By decision of ETTT, the Certificate of Registration validity is revoked if at least one of the applications/studies is rejected by the competent services. This decision is notified to the owner, who must proceed with the immediate removal of the concrete manufactured antenna.

G. Until the operation of SILYA, regarding the applications submitted after the publication of this application the provisions hereof shall apply as follows:

a) The interested party is required to submit the corresponding application/study to each competent agency and notify E.ETT. the evidence paray handling of the relevant applications/studies by the competent authorities two services.

b) The competent services, within four months of the proven receipt of the relevant applications/studies, they must check the matters of competence them and to inform E.ETT in writing. and the person concerned:

aa) for issuing their approvals or
bb) for the existence of formal deficiencies or errors in the submitted applications/studies, in order for them to be completed/corrected or
cc) for the reasoned rejection of the deposits of applications/studies.

c) The EETT, after four months have passed from the date of receipt of the last application/with speaker, takes the actions referred to in the above element Cÿ."

14. Subsection E of paragraph 5 of article 1 of Law 2801/2000 is replaced as follows:

"Hey. After notification of the above penalty decisions to the competent urban planning agency, or on its initiative, the demolition of illegal or non-functioning antenna structures is ordered in accordance with the provisions of p.d. 267/1998 (A' 195) and of Law 4014/2011 (A' 209)."

15. Element F of paragraph 2 of article 1 of Law 2801/2000 is replaced as follows:

"St. The area of the dwelling, when it is located located on a roof, it may not exceed 25 square meters and its height 2.40 meters. When it is placed on the ground, its area may not exceed 35 square meters and its height 3.5 meters. The above maximum permitted surfaces of the cabins are increased by 15% for each guest provider who shares the cabin, while the total maximum pre-

increase in area, regardless of the number of providers, will not exceed 35% of the aforementioned falling prices. If the hut is to be used made to house equipment that transmits digital terrestrial broadcasting signals using co-frequencies for broadcasting a radio-television signal, its area may not exceed 10 square meters per multiplexer. When the hut is placed on the roof and the antenna structure is on the roof and/or on the end of the staircase and the elevator shaft, they are not included in the building factor and volume factor of the plot or field.

16. Element A of paragraph 4 of article 1 of Law 2801/2000 is replaced as follows:

"A. The installation of structural or mechanical is allowed constructions, on which antennas, transmitters, transponders and other related facilities are placed, as well as the construction of the necessary of accompanying projects (such as road construction, housing of dust) in forests, woodlands, public grasslands and reforested areas or in cores of national forests, as long as there is no risk of fire or damage to the forest, after permission from the relevant General

Secretary of the Decentralized Administration and on the condition of presenting the antenna construction installation permit or, if this is not required, the assignment or approval of the operating radio frequencies."

17. The following is added to point b of element E of paragraph 2 of article 1 of Law 2801/2000:

"In the event that the operation takes placeÿ in forested areas in accordance with the provisions of the forestry legislation, it is permitted, for reasons of public interest, the construction of a small house and related constructions, necessary for the operation of the antenna construction, in derogation of the above."

CHAPTER X OTHER PROVISIONS

Article 30

Liquidating companies of the maritime service

By presidential decree issued after proÿ of the Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks, the issues of recognition of the companies, Greek or foreign, which undertake the accounting adjustment of the accounts of the mobile maritime and mobile maritime satellite service of Greek commercial ships (clearing companies), in particular the terms and conditions, the procedure and the required supporting documents, the type of forms, the type and amount of guarantees, as well as the required para bullet for the recognition of liquidating companies, the procedure for revoking the recognition, as well as any other necessary details.

Article 31

Transitional provisions for the licensing of antenna constructions

1. Electronic communication service providers operators within the meaning of article 2 point la' of Law 3431/2006 or Article 2 point 5 of Law 3592/2007 (ÿÿ 161), as well as network providers within the meaning of Article 2 point 4 of Law 3592/2007 are required to obtain a license for all antenna constructions they have installed and lack the relevant license.

2. The above owners of antenna constructions for which:

a) there is a study of antenna radio emissions for which the E.E.A.E.'s consent has been granted. one (1) month at least before the entry into force of this law and

b) an environmental impact study has been submitted to the competent agency before the entry into force of the present or have been subject to the Standard Environmental Commitments, in accordance with the environment lonic legislation and

c) an application has been submitted for the construction of an antenna in E.E.T.T. prior to the entry into force hereof,

must secure the required permits within twenty-four (24) months from the entry into force of this. This deadline is exclusive.

3. The above owners of antenna constructions, which are used for radio or television broadcasting broadcasting of legally operating radio stations or

of television stations, are outside the urban network and operate at the time of entry into force of this without the prescribed licenses and approvals, due they want to secure the prescribed licenses within twenty-four (24) months from the entry into force of this. This deadline is exclusive.

4. The licenses for the above antenna constructions are issued are in accordance with the legislative framework that was in force before the entry into force of this law. For the above antenna constructions, it is not allowed to be subject to the licensing procedure provided for in parallel referred to in paragraph 13 of article 29 hereof.

5. Until the above deadline of twenty-four (24) months has passed, the above antenna constructions are considered to be legally operating.

6. The construction of an antenna is considered illegal and applicable sanctioning legislation applies if:

a) within the deadline, the application for the construction of an antenna is rejected or

b) the above deadline has passed and there is no relevant permission is obtained.

7. For the non-licensed until the publication of this given installed antenna constructions, for which a relevant complaint has already been submitted to E.ET.T. whether their existence is established ex officio, the sanctioning procedure is completed in accordance with the legal framework in force at the time of their installation and the sanctions provided for therein are imposed.

8. The supporting documents and the relevant applications for obtaining the required permits are submitted by the owner of the construction or by the legally appointed representative, who may also be a legal entity, who acts in the name and on behalf of the owner of the structure.

9. Antenna constructions of national, regional or local television stations may be transferred by ownership to a terrestrial digital television broadcasting network provider.

Article 32

Provide information about networks

1. The public authorities that grant Management Rights reception, as well as the providers of electronic communications networks are obliged to notify the Ministry of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks in electronic form the following information, both in the phase of the application for the granting of the transit permit and after the implementation of the network:

a) Plan of street/streets and typical cross-section of section.

b) Stream section plan, if provided, with marked the way.

c) Drawings with construction details in the particulars vital points of the route (indicatively mentioned via road bases, intersections, sidewalks, other networks).

d) Plan of construction details of the facilities, which necessarily includes the technical area writing of the works to be carried out and the equipment (especially outdoor network units, huts) to be installed. The drawing as appropriate and illustrative includes the details of typical cross-sections which

will be used during the routing of the network, the details of the wells, the means of air suspension networks, the number and location of the trees, which the provider requests to be cut down, the details, in case of their installation, of outdoor network units and houses.

e) Certification that the technical specifications of the of gases concerning the installations of networks outside buildings were checked that they follow the provisions of ministerial decision 72146/2316/2008 "Definition of the technical specifications of the works concerning the installations of telecommunication networks outside buildings" (ÿ 21) as applicable.

2. The providers of electronic communications networks subÿ are required to provide the information of the paragraph 1 of this article and for the existing networks when this law comes into force.

3. In the event of a violation of the above under the obligation of paragraph 2, the Minister of Infrastructure of Transport and Networks refers the case to E.ETT. for the imposition of sanctions in accordance with the current legislation.

4. The Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks may request information from public sector bodies, as defined by article 1 par. 6 of Law 1256/1982 and its subsequent additions before its redefinition by article 51 par. 1 of Law 1892/1990, which develop all kinds of networks, for the registration in a database of said networks and may impose the

removing optical fiber from them, for future use for broadband development.

5. By decision of the Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks, following the opinion of EETT, the terms and conditions for the submission of the of electronic form of paragraph 1, as well as any related issue with this article.

Article 33 Other provisions

1. The last paragraph of paragraph 3 of article 7 of the p.d. 208/2002 (A' 194), as it was replaced by paragraph 2 of article 4 of the p.d. 337/2003 (Aÿ 291), is replaced as follows:

"The granted operating license grants the right to practical training only in the respective categories s, depending on the vehicles the School registers photocopies of their driving licenses."

2. Paragraph 2 of Article 12 of Law 3710/2008 is replaced as follows:

"2. The license to operate the operating intercity bus stations and truck stations for loading and unloading of goods of article 21 of the p.d. 79/2004 is extended until 31.12.2014."

Article 34

The contracts concluded by the regions for the transportation of students and extended in accordance with article 70 of Law 4002/2011 (ÿ 180) are extended until June 30, 2012.

Article 35

1. Article 28 of Law 3669/2008 (Aÿ 116) is replaced as follows:

"Article 28

Conditions for applying the direct award or competition between a limited number of invited contractors

The direct award or competition between limited number of invited contractors statements, as a way of selecting a contracting company for the construction of a public project, is an exceptional procedure and is only allowed:

a) When it comes to a project contract that falls under article 118. The contract is classified as confidential by decision of the Prime Minister.
b) When the conditions of articles 57 paragraph 1, 124 and 125 are met."

2. At the end of paragraph a of paragraph 6 of article 1 of Law 2744/1999 (Aÿ 222) the following are added:

"or if the activities of paragraph 4 subsection a" of this article are carried out by parent companies of EYDAP through program contracts of article 100 of Law 3852/2010 (A' 87). In the latter case, the entire legislative and regulatory framework applies to the subsidiaries

within the framework of EYDAP, with the exception of the tariff policy of article 3 of this law, which will be determined with the above program contracts.

Article 36

The deadline provided by paragraph 4 of article 2 of Law 3548/2007 (ÿÿ 68), as amended and in force, is extended from its expiration until 31.5.2012 paragraph 1 of article 2 of Law 3548/2007.

Article 37

A new paragraph is added to article 14 of Law 3592/2007 written with number 8 as follows:

"8. By joint decisions of the Ministers of Infrastructure, Transport and Networks and the Minister to whom the responsibilities of the Minister of Press and Mass Media are assigned from time to time, it may case of specifying stop dates TV program input with analogue technology according to the authorized digital broadcast centers provided for in Annex V of the c.a. 21161/2008 (ÿÿ 1680), as applicable, or in the prescribed decision of par. 12 of article 13 of Law 3592/2007 (ÿÿ161)."

Article 38**O.S.E. Theme Settings S.A., TRAINOSE S.A., O.A.S.A. S.A., O.SY. S.A., ST.SY. S.A.**

1. Paragraph 5 of article 14 of the p.d. 41/2005 (A' 60), as it was added by par. 2 of article 41 of Law 3891/2010 (A' 188), is replaced as follows:

"5. The state fund referred to in paragraph 1 funding amounts to at least 70% of the costs, determined in particular by decision of the Ministers of Finance and Infrastructure, Transport

and Networks, which is published in the Government Gazette, and is paid monthly in advance to the Infrastructure Manager. To determine the poÿ the operational plan of the Infrastructure Manager submitted to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs is also taken into account DEKO Committee according to Law 3429/2005."

2. A paragraph is added to case d' of paragraph 6 of article 6 of Law 3920/2001 (Aÿ 33):

"The subsidy in question is paid in advance to O.A.S.A. per month."

3. Paragraph 6 of Article 12 of Law 3891/2010 (Aÿ 188) is replaced as follows:

"6. The total amount of compensations for WHY in the passenger rail transport cannot exceed ÿ the amount of fifty million (50,000,000) euros per year for the years 2011, 2012 and 2013 and before paid per month. Taxes, contributions in favor of third parties and deductions for any reason related to the compensation of the previous paragraph, except for the relevant income tax, are borne by the Greek State. After the time period referred to in the first paragraph, the level of the total annual amount of compensation for PWD will be fully in line with Greek and Community legislation on state aid and the control and execution of public

of legal authorities of the State."

4. Paragraph 2 of article 12 of law 3897/2010, which has been added to paragraph 6 of article 1 of n.d. 511/1970 (A' 91), is amended as follows:

"The liquid and gaseous fuel disposal facilities , vehicle repair shops, car washes - petrol stations and parking lots that serve the means together transfer of the companies O.SY. S.A. and ST.SY. S.A. and those subject to Law 2963/2001 (Aÿ 268), and as well as local government organizations (OTA) and their businesses that are located within their train stations, by way of derogation from the provisions, remain and operate as they are, for five (5) years from the entry into force of this, as long as they have a fire safety certificate.

By joint decision of the Ministers of Environment, Energy of Health and Climate Change and Infrastructure, Transport and Networks, the terms and conditions for the establishment and operation of the establishments established henceforth are determined liquid and gas fuel tanks of the above-mentioned companies, as well as the adaptation of the already operating ones to the provisions of this."

Article 39**Start of force**

The validity of this law starts from the public its publication in the Government Gazette, unless otherwise specified in its individual provisions.

APPENDIX I**Calculation of the net cost of the universal postal service****Part A: Designation of Universal Postal Service**

According to article 6, the universal postal service includes uniform prices at least per concrete geographical area. It may also include receives, among other things, the following:

1. more delivery days than expected referred to in Article 6,
2. minimum number of accessible access points; and
3. provision of certain free services for blind or severely visually impaired persons.

Part B: Net cost calculation

The net cost of the obligations to provide and of the universal postal service is any cost relevant and necessary for the operation of the provision of the universal postal service. The net cost of the obligations to provide and

of the universal postal service is calculated as the difference between the net cost of the operation of the universal postal service provider of article 6 with universal postal service obligations and the operating costs of the same postal service provider without universal postal service obligations.

All other relevant elements are taken into account in the calculation, including any intangible benefits and market benefits derived from the provision of universal postal service, the right to reasonable profits and the incentives of cost efficiency.

Due consideration must be given to correct estimation and quantification of the cost elements that any designated provider would avoid

of the universal postal service, if not applicable to the universal postal service provider charged with the obligation to provide universal postal service. The

intangible benefits of the universal postal service provider should be taken into account when calculating the net cost .

The calculation is based on the cost resulting from:

i) elements of the specified services which can only be provided at a loss or conditionally

costs that do not fall within normal commercial standards. This category

may include services such as those defined in part A,

ii) special users or groups of users who can only be served at a loss or with cost conditions that do not fall within normal commercial standards, due to the cost of providing the particular service, the relevant revenues and possible uniform prices.

The calculation of the net cost of the specific aspects of the universal postal service obligations shall be carried out separately so as not to include potential direct or indirect benefits and cost elements are duplicated. The total

net cost of liabilities and of universal postal service for any specified universal postal service provider shall be calculated as the sum of the net cost

to those resulting from the individual components

of universal postal service obligations, taking into account any intangible benefits. The responsibility for verifying the net cost does not lie here at E.E.T.T.

The carrier or carriers providing universal mail of service must cooperate in the verification of the net cost.

E.E.T.T. controls the calculation of the net cost to those submitted by the universal postal service provider and then submits a report to the Minister of Infrastructure, Transport and

Part C: Covering the net cost of the obligations of universal postal service

The coverage or financing of any of the net cost of the universal postal service obligations may entail the compensation of the designated provider or providers of Article 6 for the services offered by them on a non-commercial basis.

Compensation for the net cost will come from the State Budget and/or will be distributed to postal service providers and/or users in a way that will ensure objectivity, transparency, impartiality and proportionality and will cause the least harm

obvious distortions in competition and user demand.

APPENDIX II

Quality standards for intra-Community cross-border mail

The quality standards for intra-community communication border post in each country are defined in relation to the processing time of postal items of the fastest standard category, calculated from end to end¹, according to the formula $D + n$, where D is the date of deposit² and n is the number of working days intervening between this date and the date of delivery to the consignee.

Quality specifications for intra-community communication northern post office

Duration	Target
$D + 3$	85% of shipments
$D + 5$	97% of shipments

The specifications must be met not only for all intra-Community traffic but also for each bilateral flow between the two member states.

¹ "End-to-end processing time" is the time between the point of access to the network and the point of delivery to the recipient.

² The same date is taken as the filing date date of deposit of the postal item, if it is deposited before the last listed collection time account for the specific network access point. If the item is deposited after this time limit, then the next collection day is taken as the deposit date.

We order the publication of this in the Government Gazette and its execution as a law of the State.

Athens, March 6, 2012

THE PRESIDENT OF DEMOCRACY

KAROLOS GR. PAPULIAS

THE MINISTERS

ADMINISTRATIVE REFORM AND
ELECTRONIC GOVERNANCE

DIMITRIOS REPPAS

FINANCIAL

EVANGELOS VENIZELOS

DEPUTY MINISTER OF FINANCE

PANTELIS ECONOMOU

OF ENVIRONMENT,
ENERGY AND CLIMATE CHANGE

GEORGIOS PAPAKONSTANTINOU

INFRASTRUCTURE, TRANSPORT AND NETWORKS

MAVROUDIS VORIDIS

CULTURE AND TOURISM

PAULOS GEROULANOS

INTERIOR

ANASTASIOS YIANNITSIS

DEPUTY MINISTER OF FINANCE

PHILIPPOS SACHINIDES

OF DEVELOPMENT, COMPETITIVENESS AND SHIPPING

MICHAEL CHRYSOHOIDES

EDUCATION, LIFELONG LEARNING
AND RELIGIONS

ANNA DIAMANTOPOULOU

JUSTICE, TRANSPARENCY
AND HUMAN RIGHTS

MILTIADIS PAPAIOANNOU

TERRITORY

OF BURNING PANTS

The Great Seal of the State was considered and affixed.

Athens, March 7, 2012

THE MINISTER OF JUSTICE

MILTIADIS PAPAIOANNOU